out also in the situation within the conquered territory.

Orders have been issued to the invading Austrian and German troops to hold to strict responsibility civilians engaged in "franc tireur warfare." The German War Office declares officially that transport columns have been attacked from ambush repeatedly by Rumanian civilians and that the guard and teamsters have had to fight organised attacks.

Reprisals Are Expected.

A series of reprisals such as the Germans visited upon the Belgian civilians is now expected. The Rumanian Government has officially denied that the peasants have anywhere taken part in the Schting. The German view, it is said, is that the Rumanian pessants "are by mature peaceful, and responsibility for irregular warfare must be sought among authorities who incite the people to resistance."

Operations in this theatre are now un-der the nominal command of the Aus-trian Archduke Joseph, a Colonel Gen-eral in the Austrian army, Berlin an-meunose, though actually Gen. von Fal-kenhayn commands. It is he, not the Archduke Joseph Ferdinand, as first re-ported, who has taken the place of the new Emperor Charles. To-day's Ger-man and Austrian statements follow:

German front of Archduke Joseph: On the Wallachian Plain the troops of Gen. von Fulkenhayn are approach-ing the Alt. In the western corner of Rumania hostile resistance has been broken. Orsova and Turnu Severin

breisen. Orsova and Turnu Severin have been captured. Front of Field Marshal von Mack-sheen: On the right wing in the Do-brudja Russian forces were thrown back from advanced positions before our line by Bulgarian troops. At other points the opposing troops are in contact. Engagements occurred on the Danube.

Tentone Reach the Alt.

Austrian—East of Orsova Austro-Eungarian and German troops have repulsed the enemy. Turnu-Severin is in our hands. Vanguards of the Austro-German forces advancing be-yond Craiova have reached the Alt River. On the sector of Rimnik-Valces the enemy is still most tena-ciously resisting. The Rumanian statement is as fol-

On the Moldavian front there was so change. In the region of Dragosla-rele there was a listless artillery combardment. In the Alt valley also

Somhardment. In the Ait valley also settillery fighting occurred on our right wing and centre. On the left the enemy made a violent attack. In the Oltenie valley our troops, under pressure of superior enemy forces, have withdrawn on the left bank of the Oltetu River.

Along the Danube infantry firing ecourred, with active artillery operations. We captured an enemy airplane between Calafat and Tjiu. In the neighborhood of Zimnitsca there was a violent artillery bombardment, the enemy attempting to disembark. In the Dobrudja we advanced on the whole front, especially in the centre

In the Dobrudja we advanced on the whole front, especially in the centre and on the left wing, where we occupied Gelengio, Bazarila, Ester, Falazulmie and Tachaul.

The Russian statement says:

In the Dobrudja we made a further advance southward, reaching Lake Tashaul on our left flank. At places we have crossed the Kartal River.

GERMANY'S NEW WAR EFFORT. Auxiliary Service Bill Aims to Enlist More Millions.

LONDON, Nov. 24 .- The German auxlary service bill is considered by Secre-

The Minister declared that instead of the lack of employment which prevailed at the beginning of the war there was how a positive lack of labor, especially in the manufacture of munitions and war materials of all kinds. He said that the bill is intended to assure the sustenance of the laboring population and that compulsion would only be used as a last resort and was not needed for yomen. "The bill must prove to the whole world," he said, "Germany's determination to fight with all her forces to the uttermost."

FRANCE HUNTS FOR MEN.

Phone Exempted From War Service May So Examined Again.

Panis, Nov. 24.—The Minister of War s introduced a bill in the Chamber of puties by which all persons exempted im military service or mustaged om military service or mustered out as systemly unfit prior to April 1, 1916, ust submit to a further medical ex-

During the first period of the war the main object in recruiting was not to overcrowd the depots, and consequently only the strongest men were taken. The mater believes that of several hundred pusand men thus exempted an ap-sciable number will be found on a less perchable number will be found on a less serfunctory medical examination to be capable of enrolment for non-combatant service at least. Certain defects hitherto considered inhibitive are not incompatible with service in the artillery or even the fighting rank.

AUSTRALIA TO KEEP WOOL

ale Prohibited Without Permission of Prime Minister.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The sale of wool sheepskins has been prohibited in ustralia without the permission of the Prime Minister, according to a Mel-bourne despatch to Reuter's. A Fed-eral regulation to this effect has been issued to have effect until further notice.

A recent despatch from London said that New Zealand had prohibited wool

POLES JOIN NEW ARMY.

Borlin Hears Recruiting of Force In Progressing.

Bealin (by wireless), Nov. 24.— Polish newspapers report that many Poles from all classes of the population have enlisted in the Polish army. Yes-terday was the first day for volunteer-

Numerous bureaus were opened in Warsaw and in other cities, at which haembers of the Polish Legion were pres-ent to give information to the recruits.

TURKS GAIN IN CAUCASUS.

Line Is Pushed Forward on Fron of Forty Miles.

LONDON, Nov. 24 -- A delayed official Turkish announcement, received here to-day, says that on November 19 the Turks pushed forward their right wing e Caucasus on a front of nearly y miles, and on the following day nee was made in another direction over about the same length of front.
On the Egyptian front, the statement says, the Turks repelled forces which on November 16, under protection of machine guns and artillery, attempted to roach Ebou Pass.

WEST OF MONASTIR

Sarrail's Centre and Extreme Left Wing Are Forging Steadily Northward.

FIGHTING VERY HEAVY BRITISH LOSE THREE

Desperate Efforts to Check Drive.

PARIS, Nov. 24 .- Gen. Sarrail's Italian troops on the left wing of the fighting front in southwestern Serbia have pushed until they are due west of Mon-They have reached Milpole, five miles from that city.

Gen. Sarrall's French, Russian and Serbian troops have made more progress north of Monastir. The fighting is ferocious, the French War Office reports, and the Germans and Bulgars are fight ing with desperation to halt the allied advance.

The French Report.

The occupation of Budimirtsa, an-ounced to-day by the French War Of-ice, was announced by the Serbs on Vednesday, The French statement reads:

Wednesday. The French statement reads:
On the right bank of the Cerna
Berbian forces occupied the village of
Budimirtaa. Violent counter attacks
directed against this position by the
enemy resulted in complete failure.
To the north and to the east of Monastir the fighting is going on with
ferecity. Troops of the Allies have
made progress and have inflicted heavy
losses upon the German-Bulgarian
forces, which endeavored energetically
to oppose their advance.

forces, which endeavored energy to oppose their advance.

To the west of Monastir Italian troops, continuing their forward march, have advanced as far as Nijipole and taken some prisoners.

The German Statement.

To-day's German statement follows: Between Presba Lake and the Cerna there was renewed heavy artillery fir-ing. Local advances by the enemy northwest of Monastir and near Ma-

kovo falled.

A delayed Bulgarian statement says:
Between Lakes Ochrida and Presba
after a short engagement the enemy
retired southward. An enemy attack
east of Lake Presba falled. Height
No. 1050, east of Paralovo, was unsuccessfully attacked by the enemy,
who met with heavy losses. In the
vicinity of Boudamitza we occupied
enemy trenches.

BELGIUM IN DESPAIR LOOKS TO AMERICA

Continued from First Page.

There have been £100 (\$500) fines for trivial offences. A market woman who trivial offences. A market woman who refused to sell vegetables to a German was fined \$40 (\$200).

possing in importance all previous war measures, according to an Amsterdam despatch to Reuter's.

In opening the debate on the bill, which provides for the services of all mean from 17 to 60, he told the Main Committee of the Reichstag that beside the millions whom it would render lable to service in the army it would facet 3,000,000 others to be called upon for other services in this war, which is not only a war of armies but a war of political economy, a war of nations."

The Minister declared that instead of the basinning of the lack of employment which prevailed the basinning of the lack of employment which prevailed the people upon the slightest pretence. There is hardly a family of which some member has not been caught in a trap and forced to pay."

"WILL FREE BELGIUM."

England, Sava Grey, Is Stirred by Latest "German Brutality."

LONDON, Nov. 24 -- Viscount Grey, the British Minister for Foreign Affairs, sent to-day to M. Hymans, the Belgian Minister in London, a note referring to the protest of the Belgian Government against the measures of forced labor and deportation imposed by the German authorities on the Belgian population. The British note says:

"Your Government will not expect from their allies any elaborate expression of horror and indignation, which they, in common with the whole world, feel in the presence of these practices hitherto resorted to only in connection British Minister for Foreign Affaire, sent

hitherto resorted to only in connection with the slave trade. It will be enough if I assure you that his Majesty's Gov ernment are ready to support the Bel-gian Government in every step they de-sire to take for securing the cesation of these atrocities ad the punishment of the perpetrators.
"His Majesty's Government, however.

"His Majesty's Government, however, has one assurance to give the Belgian Government at this moment, namely, that they will use their utmost power to bring the war to a speedy and successful conclusion and thus liberate Belgium, once for all, from the dangers which continually menace her as long as the enemy remains in occupation of her territory. This is the cardinal aim of all the Alles and the people of the British empire have already been inspired by this latest proof of German brutality to renewed determination to make every sacrifice for the attainment of that end." sacrifice for the attainment of that end.

PLEADS FOR BELGIANS. U. S. Diplomat Asks for Ameliors tion of Conditions.

Berlin, via London, Nov. 24.—Secretary Joseph C. Grew of the United States Embassy had an hour's interview Wednesday with Chancellor von Bethmann-Holiweg regarding the Belgian labor problem. He laid before the Chancellor, informally and unofficially, suggestions for a certain amelioration of the compulsory employment of Belgian workmen as concessions to Belgian national feelas concessions to Belgian national feel-ings and neutral public opinion. De-tails of the conversation are regarded for the present as confidential. The Spanish Ambassador, as the of-ficial representative of Belgian interests, had a conference with the Chancellor on the same subject.

APPEALS TO U. S.

FRENCH FLIERS IN **40 FIGHTS IN DAY**

Thirteen German Machines Are Brought Down; Many Raids Are Made.

Germans and Bulgars Making Twelve Airmen Engaged in Battle With Squadron of Twenty Teutons.

> LONDON, Nov. 24 .- A great variety of fighting in the air and some notable twenty-four hours on the battle front in France. The net result, according to the British and French War Offices anouncements, is that thirteen German airplanes, probably more, were brought down. The French aviators alone were engaged in forty fights. Three British

There was a big air battle between a squadron of twelve British airplanes and twenty German machines. The German formation was dispersed, one machine was destroyed and several others were driven down. The British machines returned undamaged.

Gaynemer Victor Again.

Sub-Lieut, George Guynemer brought own his twenty-third German airplane. was announced yesterday that he had ought down his twenty-second. The French official statement of

ight fellows: Quiet prevailed to-day on the whole front. Yesterday afternoon our anti aircraft guns brought down a German airplane. The machine fell to the north of Berry-au-Bac. The same day Quartermaster Viallet brought down his sixth airplane, near Moislains, in

T's afternon statement issued by the Pench War Office Maye:

French War Office says:

During the day of November 23 in

The three British airplanes engaged several German machines in
combats. One enemy airplane was
brought down in the Forest of Gremecey. During the same day on the
Somme front French aviators delivered no less than forty aerial attacks,
in the course of which five enemy
machines were brought to the ground.
Sergt. Flachaire brought down his
sixth enemy machine at a point near
Manacourt and Lieut. Doulin grained
a victory over his tenth German airplane at a point to the south of Vaux plane at a point to the south of Vaux Wood.

Wood.

It has been confirmed that during the day of November 22 Sub-Lieut. George Guynemer brought down two enemy airplanes in the region of Falvy. This brings to twenty-three the number of machines brought to earth by this pilot.

British in Air Battle.

The British statement issued to-night

During the day hostile artillery has been active against our front in the neighborhood of Lesbœufs and Beau-court and on both sides of La Bassee Canal. Enemy infantry south of Publicux was dispersed by our artil-

lery fire.
Yesterday much successful work was accomplished by our aircraft. Twelve of our machines encountered an enemy formation of twenty airplanes. As a result of a fight the hostile formation was dispersed. One of the enemy machines was destroyed and several others were driven down, damaged. All our machines returned safely.
In other fights in the air four of the

Three of our machines are missing.

The Berlin Report. To-day's German War Office announce

ent is as follows:

Army of Field Marchal Duke Al-

Army of Field Marshal Duke Albrecht of Wuerttemberg—In the Tpres and Wytschaete milents firing activity was temporarily revived.

Army Group of Crown Prince Rupprecht—in the afternoon a strong fire was opened north of the Ancre, extending also to the southern bank. Several attacks were made by the British, but nowhere did they reach our position. The attacks, for the most part, broke down with heavy losses under our curtain of fire.

During the favorable weather vailing the artillery duel was violent at St. Pierre Vaast wood and to the south of the Somme and in the Chaulnes district.

ITALIAN FRONT ACTIVE AGAIN. Artillery Duels Reported on Tren

tine and Carne Sectors.

London, Nov. 24.—Better weather has facilitated artillery operations along the Austro-Italian front, the activity reach-Augustian Transity on the Asiago plateau. The official statement by the Italian War Office, issued to-day, reads

as follows:

In the Trentino region the artillery activity increased under improved weather conditions. It was particularly intense on the Asiago plateau. Our batteries dispersed enemy working parties and interfered with troop mayarants and interfered with troop mayarants and interfered with troop ents and transport activities in the Assa Valley.
On the Julian front artillery duels

On the Julian front artillery duels occurred in the Plava and Goritz sectors and on the Carso.

The Austrian statement says:

After an improvement in the extremely bad weather artillery engagements were revived on several sectors, especially on the Carso plateau, but did not attain great violence.

SAYS GERMANS BROKE PLEDGE. England Gives Up Hope Rappahan

nock's Crew Escaped. LONDON, Nov. 24 .- The British steamship Rappahannock, long overdue from Halifax, has been given up for lost. The following official statement was issued

M. TREPOFF, former Minister of Railways in Russia, has been made Premier to take the place occupied by Boris Vladimirvitch Sturmer, who has resigned.



TREPOFF, PREMIER. VICTORY FOR DUMA

Sturmer's Resignation Out come of Differences With the Cabinet.

PETROGRAD, via London, Nov. 24 .- Th esignation of Boris Viadimirovite turmer as Premier and Foreign Min ster, which became known to-day, with he announcement of the appointment of Duma. It caused no more than mild surprise, and this was due less to the grent itself than the rapidity with which the situation matured since the break between the Duma and Government.

It is almost impossible to overestimate to only the political. It is almost impossible to overestimate not only the political but the national significance of the Duma victory, since for the first time in history Russian public opinion is considered to have triumphed over influences which were regarded as an agreement to good govern-

garded as antagonistic to good govern f Prime Minister is greeted with satisfaction by the newspapers, which, how-ever, express the opinion that this is only the first step taken toward carrying out the programme which is dictated by resent political necessities. According to the Rech, the resignation of M. Sturmer is the first occasion in the course of Russia's constitutional history which clearly establishes between the Govern-ment and the majority the voice of the

Duma," says the Reck, "has ac"The Duma," says the Reck, "has accomplished its first object, but it does
not necessarily follow that the rest of
the programme will be executed. The
changes in the Cabinet desired by the
majority in the Duma have not been fully
carried out; only the chief figure has been put aside. Further changes must follow, the most important of which is the dismissal of the Minister of the Interior and the appointment of a proper

terior and the appointment of a proper person as Poreign Minister."
Other newspapers in expressing the same views, although in modified form, say that the conflict has not yet ended and that considerable difference still exists between what has been accompilished and what is desired,
The ukase suspending the Duma until December 2 is considered to have been due to the necessity of the new Prime Minister forming a new programme and

Minister forming a new programme and to the advisability of giving opportunity for conferences between the Government and Duma leaders in order that a full understanding may be reached before the next meeting of the Duma. M. Trepoff belongs to the Conservative group. He has held prominent court

positions and assisted in conferences under imperial direction to consider changes in the Duma and the Imperial Council in 1915. In 1914 he was made a member of the Imperial Council. Since 1915 M. Trepoff has been Minister of Ways and Communications. Recently he was appointed Secretary of State to the Emperor.

DENY U-BOAT SANK BRITANNIC.

Germana Suspect Ship Was Used for Transport Purposes.

BERLIN, Nov. 24.—The chief of the aval Staff announces that the British ospital ship Britannic was not sunk by German submarine London, Nov. 24.—A wireless despatch secived to-day from Berlin reads as "According to the reports so far at

"According to the reports so far at hand the Britannic was proceeding from England to Salonica. For a journey in this direction the large number of persons on board was extraordinarily striking and justifies a strong suspicion of the misuse of a hospital ship for transport purposes. Inasmuch as the ship hore the distinguishing marks of a hospital ship, in accordance with regulations, there can naturally be no question of a German submarine in connec-

drowned were stokers and engineers. N.Y. GIRL TO DRIVE AMBULANCE

Parents of Miss Dorothy Treat Arnold Learn of Her Appointment.

Another Protest by Belgium Against
Deportations Is Made.
Washington, Nov. 24.—Another protest was submitted to the State Department to-day by the Belgian Minister researching the deportation of Belgians to work in German nunitions factories. In submitting this protest the Belgian Government asks this Government to do another vessel—neither of which courses was followed as far quences of what is declared to be a violation of the laws of humanity.

Jewish Wemen Give \$180,000.
Contributions aggregating \$190,000.
Contributions aggre

HUNGARY TO CROWN KING AS CHARLES IV

Ceremony Will Take Place Immediately After Francis Joseph's Funeral.

LATTER SET FOR NOV. 30

Ambassador Penfield Instructed to Attend Obsequies of Late Emperor.

RUSSIANS REPULSE TEUTONS.

Germans in Attacks for Kevel Die

triet Harled Back.

German. It is significant that Dr. Wild-grube increased considerably the Con-servative majority of 1912.

AMERICAN AVIATOR TO WED.

Paul Rockwell to Take French

Woman for Bride.

prother of Kiffin Rockwell, the American

out of the army after spending several months in the trenches. During the first year of the war he had a fall which smashed his shoulder blade.

which smashed his shoulder blade.

Mile. Leygues was graduated from
the Sorbonne with high honors. Her
father is prominent in Paris. He is
deputy chairman of the foreign relations committee of the Chamber of
Deputies. M. Leygues was one of the
legatees under the will of M. Chauchard, owner of the Louvre stores, receiving nearly \$4,000,000.

The wedding will be held in December

The wedding will be held in December and will be very quiet.

HOSPITAL SHIP SUNK.

Mined or Torpedoed.

Twelve of the crew of the 3,000 ton British steamship Ernaston were landed

to-day. They reported that the steam-ship had been sunk. The captain and the remainder of the crew landed in an-

FIVE DOCTORS WITH ARCHBOLD.

Ready to Meet Any Emergency

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Nov. 24.—The condition of John D. Archbold, president of

the Standard Oil Company of New Jer-

It was learned on excellent authority

four hours before his family physician

Although the physicians are hop

'DOCTORS" START ON JUNKET

G. F. Baker, C. M. Schwab and

George C. Boldt Go to Bea'le'hem.

departed yesterday over the Lehigh Val

ley Railroad in "Dr." Baker's private car for a junket. "Dr." Baker (Doctor of Donations)

Well Tree on His Estate: He

Offers \$25 Reward.

malefactors again. This time it is one or more intrepld woodsmen who sawed

lown a large sassafras tree on the Colonel's estate at Sagamore Hill.

The Colonel to-day offered \$25 reward for information leading to the discovery

crosscut saw felled a large and valuable sassafras tree which by its fall partly

destroyed an even more valuable beech

Suspect Is Not Jean Crones.

SPALDING, Neb., Nov. 24.—The suspect held here is not Jean Crones, the alleged poisoner of soup served at a University Club dinner last winter in Chicago. This was the decision to-night of a Chicago detective and four newspaper men from that city, who came here after being notified that the prisoner resembled Crones.

After Appendicitis Operation.

Special Cable Desputch to THE SUN Paris, Nov. 24.—The engagement has been announced of Paul Rockwell to Mile. Jeanne Leygues. Rockwell is a

VIENNA, Nov. 23, via London, Nov. 24.—The coronation of the new Austrian Emperor, Charles the First, as King of Hungary under the name of Charles IV. says the Budapest paper Villag, which is usually well informed, will take place irectly after the funeral of Emperor

Francis Joseph.
The Hungarian Parliament will fix The Hungarian Parliament will have the date and hour for the coronation. The funeral will take place November 30. The Vienna garrison took the oath of fealty to the new Emperor at 3 o'clock this morning. The other military and nava: units are expected to take the oath to-day and to-morrow.

Rehearding for Funeral.

As part of the preparation for the As part of the preparation for the funeral ceremonies the eight black horses which will draw the big hearse upon which the body of Emperor Francis Joseph will be conveyed from the Schoenbrunn Castle to the Hofburg Chapel had a rehearsal this morning Accompanied by attendants the hearse was drawn along the Ring Boulevard. The transfer of the body will take place Monday night.

Monday night.

A number of nuns pray constantly beside the body of the dead Emperor in Schoenbrunn Castle.

On Hungarian coronation day the royal couple, according to custom, will go to the Church of St. Matthews in a procession headed by the Hugarian Premier. It is a part of the ceremony that the new King, on reaching a hill, must point with his sword to the cardinal points of the compass, thus signifying his intention to defend the territory against all enemies.

It is expected that this interesting symbolical act will take place on a mound made of earth brought for the purpose from each of the Hungarian provinces, and built in front of the Parliament Hail.

Distribution of Cols. After the ceremony the King will ride to the castle, while the Hungarian Min-ister of Finance, also on horseback, distributes gold and silver coins to the pop-

volunteers to leave the United States to fight for France. He enlisted in the Foreign Legion and was invalided out of the army after spending

Frederic C. Penfield, the American Ambassador, to-day received a notifica-tion from Washington that he was to act as special envoy of the United States

ASKS FOR CORONATION

New Emperor Addresses a Rescript to Austrian Premier.

London, Nov. 24.—Emperor Charles of Austria has addressed the following im-perial rescript to Premier Koerber, ac-cording to a Vienna despatch to Reuter's by way of Amsterdam, quoting the Braemar Castle, Bearing Wounded Wiener Zeitung:
"Daar Dr. von Kornsen: Bearing in mind my constitutional duty to take the oath and exercise the executive powers of government according to Article VIII. LONDON, Nov. 24 .- The British hos pital thip Braemar Castle of 6.250 tons gross, bound from Salonica to Malta with wounded, has been mined or tor-pedoed in the Ægean Sea, it was offithe Constitution of September 29,

cially announced to-day. All on board except one man were saved. A despatch "Dated Vienna, Nov. 23, 1916." from Athens says the steamer was The Emperor has sent an autograph
The disaster occurred in the Mykoni
letter to Premier Tisza of Hungary confirming him and the Hungarian MinisPiracus, the announcement states.

MAY BAR ENVOY TO U. S. Illes Said to Oppose Safe Conduct

for Tarnowski. LONDON, Nov. 24.-Reuter's Telegram Company says it learns that no answer has yet been returned to the application made by Washington for a safe conduct of the new Austrian Ambassador to the United States. It adds that in all probability the reply will be unfavorable

sey, who was operated upon for appendicits last night at his home in South Broadway, was said to-night to be as application for a safe conduct made for Count Adam Tarnowski von Tarnow A despatch from Vienna under date of November 17 announced that a safe confavorable as could be expected, considering Mr. Archbold's age. Mrs. Archbold is the only member of the family duct for three persons had been ob-tained for the new Ambassador through to-night that Mr. Archbold was stricker Tuesday and that he was ill twenty

four hours before his family physician. Dr. Richard B. Coutant, was called. As his condition grew worse an operation was decided upon, and last night five surgeons and five nurses were at the Archbold home. The operation was performed by Dr. Brewer of New York. immunity on his trip to his post, and should it be denied him a controversy on the subject may ensue between this Gov-ernment and the Entente Powers. Officials remaining constantly at his bedside to meet any emergency that may arise. are inclined to believe that if any hitch has occurred it probably concerns only the number of persons that may ac-company the Ambassador and does not involve the right of Count Tarmowski himself to some through the blockade "Doctors" George F. Baker, Charles M. Schwah and George C. Boldt, recently given "degrees" by the Cornell alumnt,

HELD AS BLOCKADE RUNNER. Dane Charged With Shipping Rubber as Baggage.

kidnapped "Dr." Boldt from the Waldorf when he discovered the latter needed a rest. They notified "Dr." Schwab they would like to see his laboratory at The arraignment of Kay V. Hawby, a Dane, before Clarence S. Houghton, United States Commissioner, yesterday disclosed another partity successful at-tempt to run the British blockade by Bethiehem, Pa., whereupon the steel mar-insisted that he be included in the party tion with the sinking."

ATHENS, Nov. 22 (delayed).—All the nurses on the Brittanic were saved so far as is known. Those who were drawned were saved ware states. The most of the rubber in this case, as in most of the rubber in this case, as in most of the rubber in this case, as in most of the rubber in this case, as in most of the rubber in this case, as in most of the rubber in this case, as in most of the rubber in this case, as in most of the rubber in this case, as in most of the rubber in this case, as in most of the rubber in this case, as in most of the rubber in this case, as in most of the rubber in this case, as in most of the rubber in this case, as in most of the rubber in this case, as in most of the rubber in this case, as in most of the rubber in this case, as in the rubber i as personal guide.

The special car is expected back case, as in most of the others, was for transchipment to Germany, where ex-orbitant prices can be obtained for it. VANDALS STIR COL. ROOSEVELT. In the complaint on which Hawby was held he is charged with conspiring with his brother, Axel S. Hawby, and his father, Victor Hawby, to defraud the United States by shipping the rubber as baggage and failing to file cargo manifests. The elder Hawby is in Copenhagen, Axel Hawby will probably be arrested to-day. The defendant was held in \$2,000 ball. OYSTER BAY, N. Y. Nov. 24.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt is on the trail of of the individuals who "maliciously and feloniously entered my land and with a

PEACE RUMORS UNFOUNDED. **BIG FEET BETRAY** ord Robert Cecil Says U-Bon **BOY DYE WIZARD** LONDON, Nov. 24.—Rumors that there was a possibility for some definite negotiations toward peace were set at rest to-day by Lord Robert Cecil, Minister of War Trade, who said that "in view of the Belgian deportations and the sinking of hospital ships any talk of peace at the present time must be futile." Activity Is Barrier.

Detectives Simply Waited on Corner Until Milwaukee Fugitive Appeared.

futile."

Lord Robert continued:

"We have not yet had in the case of either the Britannic or the Braemer Castle any official report as to whether the ships were torpedoed or mined, but the proximity of the disasters inevitably leads one to believe that a submarine must have been responsible." Henry Clay Arbuttle, who at 19 years of age is said to have discovered a new process of making dyes and to be paid \$10,000 a year by a Milwaukee concern or his services as chemist, was arrested here yesterday. He is booked as a fugitive from justice, but the warrant issued in Milwaukee charges larceny of platinum, gold and chemicals valued LONDON, Nov. 24.-Taking advantage at \$10.000.

of the milder weather, the Germans and Arbuttle maintains his arrest was s mistake, that he has a third interest Austrians have made several small attacks upon the Russian lines, evidently to feel out their strength. Russian ad-vanced detachments also have been acin the concern and brought the precious metals and chemicals here to raise to feel out their strength. Russian advanced detachments also have been active.

In one of the German attacks on the Kovel sector, the attacking troops were met by Russian artillery fire, and had to take refuge in clumps of bushes which offered partial cover between the lines. The Russian artillery was trained on the bushes, and kept up a fire so hot that the Germans could neither advance nor retreat. The attackers hid in the bushes and escaped when darkness fell.

SOCIALISTS LOSE IN GERMANY.

Pirst Breach in Political Truce for War Period.

Hersty via London Nov 24—In an

War Period.

Bratin, via London, Nov. 24.—In an election for a member of the Reichstag at Oschatz, Saxony, the Socialist candidate was defeated by Dr. Wildgrube, the candidate of the Conservatives. The election was noteworthy as being the first breach in the truce between the political parties arranged for the period of the war.

The Socialists, who nearly won the seat in 1912, warmly contested the present election, chiefly because of the fact that Dr. Wildgrube is a pronounced Pan-German. It is significant that Dr. Wild concern at a price close to \$98 an ounce. commanded by Capt. Vis In the room also was found a coi- New York October 10 lection of platinum cups, such as are where she arrived Nover

used by chemists, platinum wire and gold and platinum sheets, of estimated total value of \$6,000. There were between thirty and forty bottles of chemicals. One contained aconitine, which Arbuttle said was worth \$60, and another two ounces of chloride of gold, worth, he said, \$37.50 an ounce.

Arbuttle was frank and tacitairn alternately. He told the detectives he lived at 164 Farwell avenue, Milwaukes, and was employed by and a partner in the Milwaukee Novelty Dye Company at Grand and Michigan avenues, Milwaukee. He had sold thirty-two ounces of platinum in all, he said, and insisted his arrest was a mistake.

William Osaterreich, president of the Novelty Dye Company and an authority on the manufacturer of dyes, described the boy last night in Milwaukee as "a wizard with chemicals."

wizard with chemicals."

Ha was shown samples of dyes by Henry Vulceus of Chicago a few months ago, he said. The samples were as fine as any he ever had seen. He asked My Vulceus where the samples originated, and was told a boy had made them. and was told a boy had made them.

An interview was arranged, and Mr.
Oesterreich says he told Arbuttle that
if he could make more of the same dyes
before his eyes he would give him \$10,000 a year salary and \$10,000 homs
when he had superintended the manufacture of 25,000 pounds, besides onethird of the stock in a company he
would organize to push the product. He
says the young chemiat passed the tests
satisfactorily.

Arbuttle is said to be an orphan

Arbuttle is said to be an orphan whose guardian is a Chicago priest.

LONDON, Nov. 24.-Lloyd's announces Amsterdam for New York, has been lost, but that the crew was landed

posed to be the Dutch vessel of that name. She registered 1.798 tons. Her home port was Perneuzen. This steamer, commanded by Capt. Visser, sailed from New York October 10 for Rotterdam.

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